



# Laparoscopic cholecystectomy 2004

## Summary Recommendations

### Notes on PROSPECT recommendations

Recommendations are graded according to the overall level of evidence (LoE) on which the recommendations are based, which is determined by the quality and source of evidence: ([Appendix A: Levels of evidence and grades of recommendation](#)).

PROSPECT provides clinicians with supporting arguments for and against the use of various interventions in postoperative pain based on published evidence and expert opinion. Clinicians must make judgements based upon the clinical circumstances and local regulations. At all times, local prescribing information for the drugs referred to must be consulted.

## Summary recommendations

Pre-, intra- and postoperative interventions have been evaluated for the management of postoperative pain following laparoscopic cholecystectomy. Unless otherwise stated, ‘pre-operative’ refers to interventions applied before surgical incision, ‘intra-operative’ refers to interventions applied after incision and before wound closure, ‘postoperative’ refers to interventions applied at or after wound closure.

The following peri-operative interventions for laparoscopic cholecystectomy have been reviewed:

### PRE-OPERATIVE

| <b>PRE-OPERATIVE RECOMMENDED</b>   | <b>NOT RECOMMENDED</b>   |
|--|--|
| <p><b>SYSTEMIC ANALGESIA</b></p> <p><b>Corticosteroid</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>dexamethasone (Grade B for analgesic effects; Grade A for anti-emetic effects)</li> </ul> <p><b>COX-2-selective inhibitors</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(Grade B)</li> </ul> <p><b>Gabapentinoids</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>gabapentin (Grade B)</li> </ul> <p><b>REGIONAL ANALGESIA</b></p> <p><b>LA wound infiltration</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>long-acting LA wound infiltration (Grade A) for reducing wound pain but not shoulder pain</li> </ul> | <p><b>SYSTEMIC ANALGESIA</b></p> <p><b>Alpha-2-adrenergic receptor agonists</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>clonidine (Grade D)</li> </ul> <p><b>Conventional NSAIDs</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(Grade B)</li> </ul> <p><b>IV LA</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(Grade D)</li> </ul> <p><b>NMDA antagonist</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>dextromethorphan (Grade D)</li> <li>ketamine (Grade D)</li> <li>magnesium (Grade B)</li> </ul> <p><b>Strong opioids</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>strong opioids (Grade B)</li> </ul> <p><b>Weak opioids</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>tramadol (Grade B)</li> </ul> <p><b>Paracetamol</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(Grade B)</li> </ul> <p><b>REGIONAL ANALGESIA</b></p> <p><b>Paravertebral block</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(Grade D)</li> </ul> <p><b>Spinal LA + strong opioid</b></p> |

| <b>PRE-OPERATIVE RECOMMENDED</b>   | <b>NOT RECOMMENDED</b>  |
|--|---|
| <p><b>Epidural analgesia</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• in high-risk pulmonary patients (Grade D)</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade D)</li> </ul> <p><b>Epidural analgesia</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• except in high-risk pulmonary patients (Grade D)</li> </ul> <p><b>OTHER INTERVENTIONS</b></p> <p><b>Oral carbohydrate</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade D)</li> </ul> |

### INTRA-OPERATIVE

| <b>INTRA-OPERATIVE RECOMMENDED</b>   | <b>NOT RECOMMENDED</b>   |
|--|--|
| <p><b>SYSTEMIC ANALGESIA</b></p> <p><b>Conventional NSAIDs</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• at end of surgery (Grade D)</li> </ul> <p><b>COX-2-selective inhibitors</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade D)</li> </ul> <p><b>Short-acting strong opioids</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• as part of the anaesthetic technique (Grade D)</li> </ul> | <p><b>SYSTEMIC ANALGESIA</b></p> <p><b>NMDA antagonist</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• dextromethorphan (Grade D)</li> <li>• ketamine infusion (Grade D)</li> <li>• magnesium infusion (Grade B)</li> </ul> <p><b>Strong opioids</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• longer-acting strong opioids (Grade B)</li> </ul> |

| <b>INTRA-OPERATIVE RECOMMENDED</b>  | <b>NOT RECOMMENDED</b>  |
|---|---|
| <p><b>REGIONAL ANALGESIA</b></p> <p><b>LA wound infiltration</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• long-acting LA wound infiltration (Grade A) for reducing wound pain but not shoulder pain</li> </ul> <p><b>IP LA</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IP LA (Grade A) for reducing wound pain but not shoulder pain</li> </ul> <p><b>Combined LA wound infiltration/IP LA</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade A; dose needs monitoring for toxicity Grade D)</li> </ul> | <p><b>REGIONAL ANALGESIA</b></p> <p><b>Epinephrine as part of LA solution</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade B)</li> </ul> <p><b>Intraperitoneal strong opioid</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade D)</li> </ul> <p><b>Interpleural LA</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade B)</li> </ul> <p><b>Interpleural strong opioid</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade B)</li> </ul>  |
| <p><b>ANAESTHETIC TECHNIQUES</b></p> <p><b>General anaesthesia</b></p> <p><b>Combined epidural/general anaesthesia</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for high-risk pulmonary patients (Grade D)</li> </ul>   | <p><b>ANAESTHETIC TECHNIQUES</b></p> <p><b>Combined epidural/general anaesthesia</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for routine anaesthesia (Grade D)</li> </ul>  |
| <p><b>OPERATIVE TECHNIQUES</b></p> <p><b>Low-pressure CO<sub>2</sub></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade A)</li> </ul> <p><b>Saline lavage, followed by suction</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade A)</li> </ul>   | <p><b>OPERATIVE TECHNIQUES</b></p> <p><b>Gasless laparoscopic cholecystectomy</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade A)</li> </ul> <p><b>Humidified and warmed CO<sub>2</sub> pneumoperitoneum</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade D and A, respectively)</li> </ul> <p><b>N<sub>2</sub>O pneumoperitoneum</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade D)</li> </ul> <p><b>Helium pneumoperitoneum</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade B)</li> </ul> <p><b>Smaller total size of trocar incision</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade D)</li> </ul> |

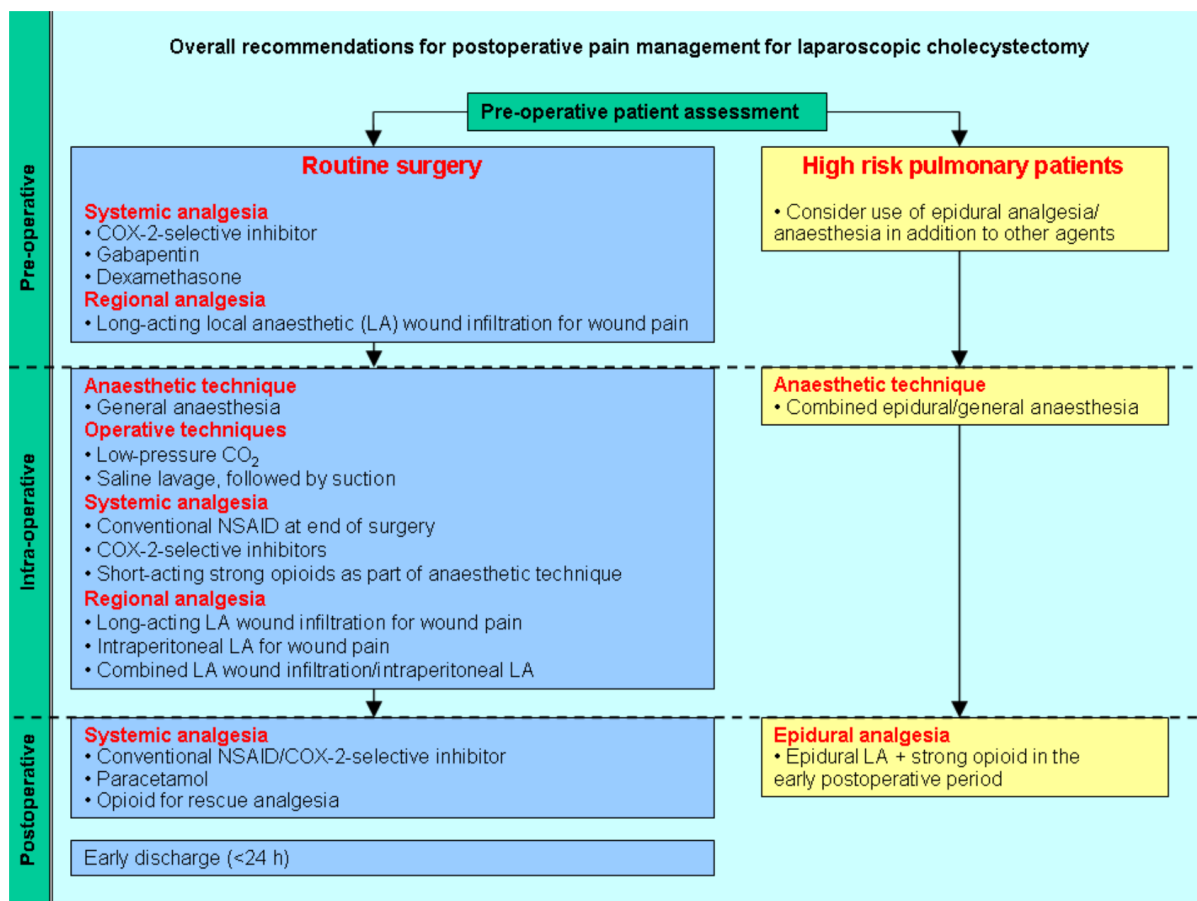
| <b>INTRA-OPERATIVE RECOMMENDED</b> | <b>NOT RECOMMENDED</b>  |
|------------------------------------|---|
|                                    | <p data-bbox="810 241 1139 271"><b>Radially expanding trocars</b></p> <ul data-bbox="863 282 1023 311" style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="863 282 1023 311">• (Grade D)</li></ul> <p data-bbox="810 367 1023 396"><b>Subhepatic drain</b></p> <ul data-bbox="863 407 1023 436" style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="863 407 1023 436">• (Grade D)</li></ul> <p data-bbox="810 492 1273 521"><b>Aspiration of pneumoperitoneum gas</b></p> <ul data-bbox="863 533 1023 562" style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="863 533 1023 562">• (Grade D)</li></ul> |

**POSTOPERATIVE**

| <b>POSTOPERATIVE RECOMMENDED</b>   | <b>NOT RECOMMENDED</b>   |
|--|--|
| <p><b>SYSTEMIC ANALGESIA</b></p> <p><b>Conventional NSAIDs</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade A)</li> </ul> <p><b>COX-2-selective inhibitors</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade A)</li> </ul> <p><b>Strong opioids</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for high-intensity pain in addition to other agents (Grade D)</li> </ul> <p><b>Weak opioids</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for rescue analgesia with medium-to-low-intensity pain in addition to other agents (Grade D)</li> </ul> <p><b>Paracetamol</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade A)</li> </ul> | <p><b>SYSTEMIC ANALGESIA</b></p> <p><b>NMDA antagonist</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ketamine (Grade D)</li> <li>• magnesium (Grade B)</li> </ul> <p><b>Strong opioids</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for routine analgesia (Grade B)</li> </ul> <p><b>Weak opioids</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for routine analgesia (Grade B)</li> </ul> |
|  | <p><b>REGIONAL ANALGESIA</b></p> <p><b>PCA IP LA</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade D)</li> </ul>   |
| <p><b>EPIDURAL ANALGESIA</b></p> <p><b>Epidural analgesia</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for high-risk pulmonary patients (Grade D)</li> </ul>   | <p><b>EPIDURAL ANALGESIA</b></p> <p><b>Epidural strong opioid + LA</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for routine analgesia (Grade D)</li> </ul>   |
| <p><b>PATIENT MANAGEMENT</b></p> <p><b>Early discharge</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Grade D)</li> </ul>   |  |

## Overall Recommendations: Pain Management for Laparoscopic cholecystectomy

PROSPECT overall recommendations for postoperative pain management following laparoscopic cholecystectomy:



**Not recommended  
for Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy**

**Not recommended: Pre-operative**

*Systemic analgesia*

- Clonidine
- Conventional NSAIDs
- Dextromethorphan
- IV local anaesthetic (LA) infusion
- Ketamine bolus
- Magnesium
- Strong opioids
- Tramadol
- Paracetamol

*Regional analgesia*

- Long-acting LA wound infiltration
- Epinephrine as part of the LA solution for wound infiltration
- Bilateral paravertebral block
- Spinal LA + strong opioid
- Epidural analgesia except in high risk pulmonary patients

*Other interventions*

- Pre-operative oral carbohydrate

**Not recommended: Intra-operative**

*Systemic analgesia*

- Dextromethorphan
- Ketamine infusion
- Magnesium infusion
- Longer-acting strong opioids (instead of short-acting strong opioids as part of the anaesthetic technique)

*Regional analgesia*

- Epinephrine as part of the LA solution for wound infiltration or intraperitoneal analgesia
- Intraperitoneal strong opioid
- Interpleural LA or strong opioid

*Anaesthetic techniques*

- Combined epidural/general anaesthesia except in high risk pulmonary patients

*Operative techniques*

- Gasless laparoscopic cholecystectomy
- Humidified and warmed CO<sub>2</sub> pneumoperitoneum
- N<sub>2</sub>O pneumoperitoneum
- Helium pneumoperitoneum
- Smaller size of trocar incision
- Radially expanding trocars
- Subhepatic drain
- Aspiration of pneumoperitoneum gas

**Not recommended: Postoperative**

*Systemic analgesia*

- Ketamine infusion
- Magnesium infusion
- Strong opioids for routine analgesia
- Weak opioids for routine analgesia

*Regional analgesia*

- PCA intraperitoneal LA
- Epidural analgesia except in high risk pulmonary patients

# Evidence review process

## Details of systematic literature review

### *Literature search*

- Systematic review of the literature from 1966–October 2005 using MEDLINE and EmBASE, following the protocol of the Cochrane Collaboration ([Appendix B: Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy Update 2006 Search Terms](#))
- Inclusion of randomised studies in English, assessing analgesic interventions in laparoscopic cholecystectomy in adults, and reporting pain on a linear analogue scale
- Identification of 289 studies of peri-operative interventions for postoperative pain following laparoscopic cholecystectomy
- 121 studies included ([Appendix C: Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy Update 2006 Included References](#))
- 169 studies excluded ([Appendix D: Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy Update 2006 Excluded References](#))
- The most common reason for exclusion was that the study did not report pain scores (47 studies) ([Appendix E: Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy Update 2006 Reasons for Exclusion](#))

# Appendix

## A. Levels of evidence and grades of recommendation

From 2006 onwards, the **prospect** methodology has been refined to take more account of the quality of the evidence on which the recommendations are based. The way in which the quality of studies determines the level of evidence, and thereby determines the grade of recommendation, is summarised below. Development of the **prospect** methodology has been an ongoing process, and previous experience indicated the need for these changes, to help clarify the basis for the recommendations.

### Sources of evidence in PROSPECT

The evidence for **prospect** is derived from three separate sources, and this evidence is taken into consideration by the **prospect** Working Group to determine the **prospect** recommendations:

- Procedure-specific evidence derived from the systematic reviews of the literature
- Transferable evidence from comparable procedures, or from other relevant sources, identified by the members of the **prospect** Working Group
- Current practice – a commentary on the interventions from the members of the **prospect** Working Group
- Practical **prospect** recommendations are based on all the information **Study quality assessment**

All cited studies are assessed for quality of reporting of methodology and results (assessment performed by the medical writing team and the **prospect** Subgroup):

**1. Statistical analyses and patient follow-up assessment:** indicates whether statistical analyses were reported, and whether patient follow-up was greater or lesser than 80%.

**2. Allocation concealment assessment:** indicates whether there was adequate prevention of foreknowledge of treatment assignment by those involved in recruitment (A adequate, B unclear, C inadequate, D not used). Empirical research has shown that trials with inadequate or unclear allocation concealment report significantly greater estimates of treatment effect than those trials in which concealment was adequate ([Chalmers 1983](#), [Schulz 1995](#), [Moher 1998](#)). Allocation concealment was found to be more important for preventing bias than other aspects of study quality, such as generation of the allocation sequence and double-blinding ([Chalmers 1983](#), [Schulz 1995](#), [Moher 1998](#), Higgins JPT, Green S, editors, 2005;

<http://www.cochrane.org/resources/handbook/hbook.htm> (accessed 31st May 2005): Section 6.3.)

**3. Numerical scores (total 1–5) for study quality:** assigned using the method proposed by [Jadad et al 1996](#), to indicate whether a study reports appropriate randomisation, double-blinding and statements of possible withdrawals. Empirical research found that low-quality trials were associated with an increased estimate of treatment benefit than high-quality trials ([Moher 1998](#))

**4. Additional study quality assessment:** including an assessment of how closely the study report meets the requirements of the CONSORT statement ([Moher 2005](#)) (additional assessment performed by the **prospect** Subgroup)

**Grading of recommendations based on overall level of evidence**

The recommendations are graded according to the overall level of evidence, which is determined by the quality of studies cited, the consistency of evidence and the source of evidence (as indicated in the table below).

**Relationship between quality and source of evidence, levels of evidence and grades of recommendation in PROSPECT**

|   | Study quality assessments                                 |        |                        |              |  | Level of Evidence (LoE) | Grade of recommendation (based on overall LoE, considering balance of clinical practice information and evidence) |              |
|---|---|--------|------------------------|--------------|--|-------------------------|---|--------------|
| Study type  | Statistical analyses and patient follow-up assessment     |        | Allocation concealment | Jadad scores | Additional assessment of overall study quality required to judge LoE |                         | Procedure-specific  | Transferable |
| Systematic review with homogeneous results  | N/A   |        | N/A                    | N/A          | N/A  | 1                       | A   | B            |
| Randomised controlled trial (RCT)   | Statistics reported and >80% follow-up                    | AND    | A                      | (1-5)        | N/A  | 1                       | A<br><br>(based on two or more studies or a single large, well-designed study)                                    | B            |
|   |   |        | OR                     |              |  |                         |   |              |
|   |   |        | B                      | (3-5)        | N/A  |                         |   |              |
|   |   |        | OR                     |              |  |                         |   |              |
| RCT   | Statistics not reported or questionable or <80% follow-up | AND/OR | B                      | (1-2)        | Yes  | 2                       | B<br><br>(or extrapolation from one procedure-specific LoE 1 study)   | C            |
|   |   |        | OR                     |              |  |                         |   |              |
|   |   |        | C                      | (1-5)        | N/A  |                         |   |              |
|   |   |        | OR                     |              |  |                         |   |              |
| Non-systematic review, cohort study, case study; (e.g. some adverse effects evidence) | N/A   |        | N/A                    |              |  | 3                       | C   |              |
|   |   |        | N/A                    |              |  |                         |   |              |
| Clinical practice information (expert opinion); inconsistent evidence                 | N/A   |        | N/A                    |              |  | 4                       | D   |              |

## B. Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy Update 2006 Search Terms

Limits: Title/Abstract, 1966 to October 2005

(pain OR analgesi\* OR anaesthe\* OR aneshe\* OR vas OR "visual analog\*" OR vrs OR mcgill OR epidural OR neuraxial OR intrathecal OR spinal OR caudal OR interpleural OR "peripheral nerve" OR "peripheral block" OR intercostal OR "nerve block" OR NSAID OR COX-2 OR paracetamol OR acetaminophen OR gabapentin OR pregabalin OR clonidine OR opioid OR ketamine OR corticosteroid) AND (laparoscop\* OR endoscop\*) AND (cholecystectomy OR "gall bladder")

## C. Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy Update 2006 Included References

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## E. Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy Update 2006 Reasons for Exclusion

| <b>Study</b>        | <b>REASONS FOR EXCLUSION</b>                        |
|---------------------|---|
| 1. Acil 2004        | Pain scores not presented                           |
| 2. Agarwal 2003     | No VAS pain assessment                              |
| 3. Agarwal 2004     | Propofol-induced pain not postop-pain               |
| 4. Agnifili 1993    | Compares lap chole against open procedure           |
| 5. Akca 2004        | Combined lap chole and groin hernia repair groups   |
| 6. Argiriadou 2002  | No VAS pain assessment                              |
| 7. Assalia 1993     | No VAS pain assessment + open cholecystectomy       |
| 8. Assalia 1997     | No VAS pain assessment + open cholecystectomy       |
| 9. Awad 2002        | No VAS pain assessment                              |
| 10. Barkun 1992     | Compares lap chole against mini-lap chole procedure |
| 11. Barkun 1993     | Duplicates data in Barkun 1992                      |
| 12. Berberoglu 1998 | No VAS pain assessment                              |
| 13. Berggren 1994   | No VAS pain assessment                              |
| 14. Berven 1995     | RCT - status unclear + no VAS pain assessment       |
| 15. Bhojrul 2000    | Combined procedures                                 |
| 16. Bisgaard 2002   | Not a comparative study                             |
| 17. Biswas 2003     | No VAS pain assessment                              |
| 18. Boldt 1998      | Not RCT   |
| 19. Brackman 2002   | No VAS pain assessment + cost savings study         |
| 20. Buanes 1993     | Not RCT   |

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|-----------------------|--|
| 21. Buanes 1996       | Not RCT  |
| 22. Byrne 1994        | Compares lap chole against open procedure          |
| 23. Campbell 2000     | No VAS pain assessment                             |
| 24. Camus 1995        | No VAS pain assessment                             |
| 25. Cason 1996        | Not RCT  |
| 26. Cete 1996         | Conventional cholecystectomy                       |
| 27. Chan 1994         | Not RCT  |
| 28. Chan 1995         | Not RCT  |
| 29. Chen 1995         | Not RCT  |
| 30. Chok 2004         | Not RCT  |
| 31. Chow 1997         | Retrospective                                      |
| 32. Colak 2004        | Compares use vs. re-use of disposable instruments  |
| 33. Collier 1993      | Not RCT  |
| 34. Cox 1992          | Retrospective                                      |
| 35. Croce 1999        | Not laparoscopic cholecystectomy (duodenal ulcers) |
| 36. Cunniffe 1998     | Mixed laparoscopic procedures                      |
| 37. Dahl 1994         | Minilaparotomy cholecystectomy                     |
| 38. Davides 1999      | Not RCT  |
| 39. Dill 2000         | Not RCT  |
| 40. Eberhart 1999a    | No VAS pain assessment                             |
| 41. Eberhart 1999b    | Compares antiemetics not analgesics                |
| 42. Ehsan-ul-Haq 2004 | No pain assessment                                 |
| 43. Eldar 1997        | Not RCT  |

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| 44. Eil 1990       | Piezoelectric lithotripsy  |
| 45. Fiorillo 1996  | Not RCT  |
| 46. Frank 1990     | Conventional cholecystectomy   |
| 47. Frenette 1991  | Conventional cholecystectomy   |
| 48. Fujii 2000     | No pain assessment   |
| 49. Fujii 2004     | No pain assessment; nausea and vomiting study  |
| 50. Gan 2004b      | Used Joshi 2004 data, but tested hypothesis that reducing opioid consumption reduced opioid-related side effects |
| 51. Gharaibeh 2000 | No VAS pain assessment   |
| 52. Gillberg 1993  | Gynaecological laparoscopy   |
| 53. Golder 1998    | No VAS pain assessment specified. Comparison of operative techniques   |
| 54. Gurmarnik 1996 | No VAS pain assessment   |
| 55. Habib 2004     | No VAS pain assessment   |
| 56. Hakanson 1989  | Conventional cholecystectomy   |
| 57. Hanaoka 2004   | No VAS pain assessment   |
| 58. Hasaniya 2001  | No VAS pain assessment   |
| 59. Helmy 1999     | No VAS pain assessment   |
| 60. Hendolin 2000  | Compares lap chole against open procedure  |
| 61. Hong 2003b     | Physiological study, no pain assessment  |
| 62. Hong 2003a     | Gynaecological laparoscopy   |
| 63. Horattas 2004  | No VAS pain assessment   |
| 64. Hsieh 2003     | Acute cholecystitis, no VAS assessment   |

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|-------------------------------|---|
| 65. Huang 1990                | Conventional cholecystectomy  |
| 66. Inan 2004                 | Not RCT   |
| 67. Jallali 2004              | No VAS pain assessment + not relevant (investigating closure techniques)                                    |
| 68. Jelcic 1993               | Conventional cholecystectomy  |
| 69. Jensen 2002               | Laparotomy  |
| 70. Jensen 2004               | Used Joshi 2004 data, but investigated the relationship between several predictors and patient satisfaction |
| 71. Johansson 2005            | Compares lap chole vs. open procedure   |
| 72. Joris 1992                | Not RCT   |
| 73. Joris 1998                | Gastroplasty  |
| 74. Karayiannakis 1997        | Compares lap chole vs. open procedure   |
| 75. Kenady 1992               | Conventional cholecystectomy  |
| 76. Khan 1997                 | No VAS pain assessment  |
| 77. Khan 2002                 | No VAS pain assessment  |
| 78. Kimberley 1996            | Not RCT   |
| 79. Kitano 1993               | No VAS pain assessment  |
| 80. Klockgether-Radke<br>1996 | No VAS pain assessment  |
| 81. Koivuranta 1996           | No VAS pain assessment  |
| 82. Koivusalo 1996            | No VAS pain assessment  |
| 83. Koivusalo 1997            | No VAS pain assessment  |
| 84. Koivusalo 2000            | Review paper  |

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|--------------------------|---|
| 85. Kolla 2004           | Statistical analysis of pain outcomes unclear         |
| 86. Kristiansson 1999    | Not RCT   |
| 87. Kum 1994             | Not RCT   |
| 88. Lai 1998             | No VAS pain assessment                                |
| 89. Larsen 2002          | Only abstract in English                              |
| 90. Laurito 1991         | Conventional cholecystectomy                          |
| 91. Le Blanc-Louvry 2000 | Compares lap chole vs. open procedure                 |
| 92. Lee 1990             | Conventional cholecystectomy                          |
| 93. Lee 2005             | Not RCT   |
| 94. Lindgren 1997        | No VAS pain assessment                                |
| 95. Los 1995             | No VAS pain assessment                                |
| 96. Lysak 1994           | Gynaecological laparoscopy                            |
| 97. Madsen 1992          | Not RCT   |
| 98. Maidatsi 1998        | Conventional cholecystectomy                          |
| 99. Majeed 1996          | No VAS pain assessment                                |
| 100. McCrory 2002        | Review paper  |
| 101. McGinn 1995         | No VAS pain assessment                                |
| 102. McLaughlin 1994     | Gynaecological laparoscopy                            |
| 103. McMahan 1994a       | Compares lap chole vs. mini-lap chole                 |
| 104. McMahan 1994b       | Compares lap chole vs. mini-lap chole                 |
| 105. Mealy 1992          | Not RCT   |
| 106. Morino 1998         | No VAS pain assessment + Study about hepatic function |
| 107. Mrsic 1997          | RCT-status unclear                                    |

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|------------------------------|--|
| 108. Murrell 1996            | Not just lap chole   |
| 109. Naguib 1996             | Compares antiemetics not analgesics  |
| 110. Naude 1996              | No VAS pain assessment + Study about hormone changes                           |
|                              | Compares antiemetics not analgesics  |
|                              | Combined procedures Study cited before June 2002, included in initial analysis |
| 111. O'Dwyer 1992            | No VAS pain assessment   |
| 112. Ortega 1995             | Appendectomy   |
| 113. Ortega 1996             | Compares lap chole vs. open procedure  |
| 114. Oxorn 1989              | Conventional cholecystectomy   |
| 115. Ozkocak 2002            | Only abstract in English   |
| 116. Paolucci 1995           | No VAS pain assessment   |
| 117. Paventi 2001            | Compares antiemetics not analgesics  |
| 118. Perry 1993              | Gynaecological laparoscopy   |
| 119. Power 1990              | Conventional cholecystectomy   |
| 120. Quaynor 2002            | No VAS pain assessment   |
| 121. Rademaker 1991          | Conventional cholecystectomy   |
| 122. Raeder 1998             | VAS pain scores not recorded   |
| 123. Roberts-Thomson<br>1994 | Conventional cholecystectomy   |
| 124. Ros 2004                | No VAS pain assessment   |
| 125. Rosenblum 1991          | Gynaecological laparoscopy   |
| 126. Ross 1989               | Conventional cholecystectomy   |

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|----------------------|---|
| 127. Sarli 2001      | Combined procedures   |
| 128. Sarli 2001      | Not RCT   |
| 129. Schmitz 1997    | Conventional cholecystectomy vs. minicholecystectomy                                  |
| 130. Schroeder 1990  | Conventional cholecystectomy  |
| 131. Schulze 1988    | Conventional cholecystectomy  |
| 132. Schwenk 2002    | Not a comparison of treatment modalities  |
| 133. Scott 1989      | Conventional cholecystectomy  |
| 134. Shah 1986       | Conventional cholecystectomy  |
| 135. Smith 1993      | Procedures other than laparoscopic cholecystectomy                                    |
| 136. Smythe 1993     | No VAS pain assessment. Unclear if any patients received laparoscopic cholecystectomy |
| 137. So 2002         | Compares antiemetics not analgesics   |
| 138. Song 2000       | No VAS pain assessment  |
| 139. Squirrell 1998  | Comparison of operative procedures not pain relief after laparoscopic cholecystectomy |
| 140. Steffen 1997    | Only abstract in English  |
| 141. Steinbrook 1998 | Compares antiemetics not analgesics   |
| 142. Sternlo 1992    | Conventional cholecystectomy  |
| 143. Striebel 1993   | Conventional cholecystectomy  |
| 144. Stromskag 1991  | Conventional cholecystectomy  |
| 145. Tarnow 1998     | Conventional cholecystectomy  |
| 146. Taylor 1992     | No pain assessment included   |
| 147. Trondsen 1993   | Compares lap chole vs. open procedure   |

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|----------------------|---|
| 148. Ure 1994        | Not RCT   |
| 149. Uzunkoy 1999    | Duplicates Uzunkoy 2001                                       |
| 150. Van Delden 2002 | No VAS pain assessment + Dose-response study                  |
| 151. van Raay 1992   | Conventional cholecystectomy                                  |
| 152. Varrassi 1994   | Conventional cholecystectomy                                  |
| 153. Verborgh 1994   | Conventional cholecystectomy                                  |
| 154. Vetrhus 2004    | Combined laparoscopic + open cholecystectomy                  |
| 155. Vetrhus 2004    | No VAS pain assessment + not relevant (risk assessment study) |
| 156. Vieira 2004     | Only abstract in English                                      |
| 157. Wajima 1998     | Conventional cholecystectomy                                  |
| 158. Wallin 1988     | Conventional cholecystectomy                                  |
| 159. Wang 2002       | Nausea and vomiting study comparing anti-emetic regimens      |
| 160. Wani 2000       | Conventional cholecystectomy vs. minicholecystectomy          |
| 161. Weinbroum 2001  | No sub-analysis of laparoscopic cholecystectomy patients      |
| 162. Westerling 1997 | Minilaparotomy  |
| 163. Witjes 1992     | Conventional cholecystectomy                                  |
| 164. Yang 2004       | No VAS pain assessment  |
| 165. Yotsui 2001     | Not double-blinded. No pain assessment                        |
| 166. Yu 2003         | No VAS pain assessment  |
| 167. Zhao 2004       | Health outcomes analysis of Joshi 2004 data                   |